

Revision nr.2 EN Dated 29/12/2022 Printed on 30/12/2022 Page n. 1 / 12 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 10/07/2019)

# CALCECOLOR PASTELLATO

# **Safety Data Sheet**

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

# SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: Product name 1702010202 CALCECOLOR PASTELLATO

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use

Mass colored finishing plaster

Industrial	Professional	Consumer	
-	SU: 19.	SU: 19.	
	ERC: 10a, 11a.	ERC: 10a, 11a.	
	PROC: 11, 19.	PROC: 19.	
	AC: 4.	AC: 4.	
	PC: 9b.	PC: 9b.	
cation on buildings.			
data sheet			
FORNACI C	ALCE GRIGOLIN S.p. A.		
Via Foscari	ni, 2		
31040	Nervesa della Battaglia Italy	(TV)	
Tel.	+39 0422 5261		
Fax	+39 0422 526299		
info@forna	cigrigolin.it		
	IERGENCY - 112		
	data sheet FORNACI C Via Foscarii 31040 Tel. Fax	ERC: 10a, 11a. PROC: 11, 19. AC: 4. PC: 9b. cation on buildings. data sheet FORNACI CALCE GRIGOLIN S.p. A. Via Foscarini, 2 31040 Nervesa della Battaglia Italy Tel. +39 0422 5261	ERC: 10a, 11a. PROC: 11, 19. AC: 4. PC: 9b. cation on buildings. data sheet FORNACI CALCE GRIGOLIN S.p. A. Via Foscarini, 2 31040 Nervesa della Battaglia (TV) Italy Tel. +39 0422 5261 Fax +39 0422 526299

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:H318Causes serious eye damage.Serious eye damage, category 1H318Causes serious eye damage.Skin irritation, category 2H315Causes skin irritation.Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3H335May cause respiratory irritation.Skin sensitization, category 1H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



@EPY 11.3.0 - SDS 1004.14



SECTION 2. Hazards identification	Is identification
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Signal words:	Danger
Hazard statements:	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements:	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P261	Avoid breathing dust.
P280	Wear protective gloves / face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of of soap and water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor /
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Contains:	
Contains:	
	NATURAL HYDRAULIC LIME NHL
	HYDRATED LIME
2.3. Other hazards	

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

The mixture has a low chromate content. After adding water the soluble chromium (VI) content is at most 2 ppm on the dry product. To maintain a low chromate content, store it properly, in dry conditions, respecting the maximum expected storage terms. The percentage of respirable crystalline silicon oxide is less than 1%. Therefore the product is not subject to identification. However it is advisable to use respiratory protection.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients							
3.2. Mixtures							
Contains:							
Identification		x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)				
HYDRATED LI	ME						
INDEX		6 ≤ x < 12	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335				
EC	215-137-3		•				
CAS	1305-62-0						
REACH Reg.	01-2119475151-	-45-0267					
NATURAL HYD	DRAULIC LIME	NHL					
INDEX		5≤x< 10	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335				
EC	285-561-1						
CAS	85117-09-5						
REACH Reg.	01-2119475523	-36-XXXX					
WHITE CEMEN	IT						
INDEX		1 ≤ x < 3	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1B H317				
EC	266-043-4		•				
CAS	65997-15-1						
The full wording	g of hazard (H) pł	nrases is given in sectio	on 16 of the sheet.				



**CALCECOLOR PASTELLATO** 

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again. INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

### SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products. The product is combustible and, when the powder is released into the air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of a source of ignition, it can create explosive mixtures with air. Fires may start or get worse by leakage of the solid product from the container, when it reaches high temperatures or through contact with sources of ignition.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6.** Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

If there are no contraindications, spray powder with water to prevent the formation of dust. Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product and place it in containers for recovery or disposal. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections



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Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7. Handling and storage

mg/m3

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

**Regulatory References:** 

FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na
		radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983;
		Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC;
		Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021

HYDRATED LIME								
Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8	3h	STEL/15n	nin	Remarks / Ol	bservations	
		mg/m3	3 ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
VLEP	FRA	5						
GVI/KGVI	HRV	5						
WEL	GBR	5						
OEL	EU	5						
TLV-ACGIH		5						
Predicted no-effec	t concentra	tion - P	NEC					
Normal value in fresh water						0,49	mg/l	
Normal value in	marine wate	er					0,32	mg/l
Normal value for	water, inter	mittent r	elease				0,49	mg/l
Normal value of	STP microo	rganism	S				3	mg/l
Normal value for	the terrestri	ial comp	artment				1080	mg/kg/d
Health - Derived no	o-effect leve	el - DNE	L / DMEL					
	Effe	cts on co	onsumers			Effects on worl	kers	
Route of exposu	re Acut	te local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic sy	sten <b>Aic</b> ute local	Acute	Chronic localChronic
			systemic				systemic	systemic
Inhalation	4			1		4		1

mg/m3

mg/m3

mg/m3



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#### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ..../3

NATURAL HYDRAULIC LIME NHL									
Threshold Li	mit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ob	servations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	1		4		RESP			
Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC									
Normal value in fresh water 0,574 mg/l									
Normal val	lue in marine wate	er					0,374	mg/l	
Normal val	lue for fresh wate	r sediment					1262,3	mg/kg	
Normal val	lue for marine wa	ter, intermitte	nt release				0,574	mg/l	
Normal value for fresh water, intermittent release 0,374 mg/l									
Normal val	lue of STP microc	organisms					3,511	mg/l	
		-						-	

				WHITE	CEMENT				
Threshold Limit Val	lue								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15m	nin	Remarks / Obs	ervations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV-ACGIH		1				RESP			
Predicted no-effect	concentrati	on - PNE	C						
Normal value in fr	esh water						NEA		
Normal value in m	narine water						NEA		
Normal value for f	fresh water s	ediment					NEA		
Normal value for i	marine water	<sup>-</sup> sedimer	nt				NEA		
Normal value for t	the terrestria	l compar	tment				NEA		
lealth - Derived no	-effect level	- DNEL	DMEL						
	Effects	s on cons	sumers			Effects on worke	rs		
Route of exposure	e Acute	local Ad	cute	Chronic local	Chronic syste	nAi <b>c</b> ute local	Acute	Chronic Ic	calChronic
		sy	stemic				systemic		systemic
Oral						NEA	NEA	NEA	NEA
Inhalation						1		1	
						mg/m3		mg/m3	
Skin						NEA	NEA	NEA	NEA

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

During the risk assessment process, it is essential to take into consideration the ACGIH occupational exposure levels for inert particulate not otherwise classified (PNOC respirable fraction: 3 mg/m3; PNOC inhalable fraction: 10 mg/m3). For values above these limits, use a P type filter, whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the outcome of risk assessment.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

In the case of prolonged contact with the product, protect the hands with penetration-resistant work gloves (see standard EN 374).

Work glove material must be chosen according to the use process and the products that may form. Latex gloves may cause sensitivity reactions. SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use a type P filtering facemask, whose class (1, 2 or 3) and effective need, must be defined according to the outcome of risk assessment (see standard EN 149).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.



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Information

#### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Value</b> powder
as showed in color folder
odourless
not available
not applicable
not available
not available
not available
not applicable
not available
not available
12
not available
not available
not available
not available
1,3
not available
not available

### 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Granulometry

< 0.6 mm

# SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

HYDRATED LIME Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. WHITE CEMENT When mixed with water, it hardens to form a stable mass.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

HYDRATED LIME Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. **10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions** 

The powders are potentially explosive when mixed with air.

HYDRATED LIME Develops hydrogen on contact with: aluminium,brass,moisture. Reacts with: carbon dioxide. NATURAL HYDRAULIC LIME NHL It reacts exothermically with acids.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid environmental dust build-up.



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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ..../

#### HYDRATED LIME

Decomposes if exposed to: moisture,moist air. NATURAL HYDRAULIC LIME NHL Decomposes when exposed to air and moisture.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

HYDRATED LIME

Avoid contact with: acids. NATURAL HYDRAULIC LIME NHL Aluminum and brass.

WHITE CEMENT Incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, aluminum, alkaline metals and alkaline earth metals.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

#### HYDRATED LIME

Develops hydrogen on contact with: aluminium,brass,moisture. NATURAL HYDRAULIC LIME NHL Reacts with aluminum and brass, releasing hydrogen.

#### WHITE CEMENT

Develops hydrogen in contact with aluminum powder.

### **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

#### ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

> HYDRATED LIME LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral):

NATURAL HYDRAULIC LIME NHL LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component)

> 2500 mg/kg > 2000 mg/kg

> 2500 mg/kg rabbit> 2000 mg/kg rat6,04 mg/l/4h



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

### SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

NATURAL HYDRAULIC LIME NHL LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	50,6 mg/l/96h 49,1 mg/l/48h 184,57 mg/l/72h 48 mg/l/72h 32 mg/l
HYDRATED LIME LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants Chronic NOEC for Crustacea Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants <b>12.2. Persistence and degradability</b>	> 160 mg/l/96h > 49,1 mg/l/48h > 184,57 mg/l/72h 32 mg/l 48 mg/l
NATURAL HYDRAULIC LIME NHL Solubility in water HYDRATED LIME Solubility in water Degradability: information not available	1500 mg/l 1844,9 mg/l



### SECTION 12. Ecological information

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

# SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### **SECTION 14. Transport information**

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

not applicable

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

not applicable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

not applicable

#### 14.4. Packing group

not applicable

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

not applicable

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

not applicable



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SECTION 14. Transport information

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

## SECTION 15. Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Contained substance Point

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH) On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

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None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012: None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

### SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Use descriptor system:

AC	4	Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles
ERC	10a	Widespread use of articles with low release (outdoor)
ERC	11a	Widespread use of articles with low release (indoor)
PC	9b	Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay
PROC	: 11	Non industrial spraying
PROC	19	Manual activities involving hand contact
SU	19	Building and construction work

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road

- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate



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#### SECTION 16. Other information

- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product. This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.



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#### SECTION 16. Other information

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11. Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 02 / 03 / 04 / 06 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.